Health Analytics: From Data to Decision Making

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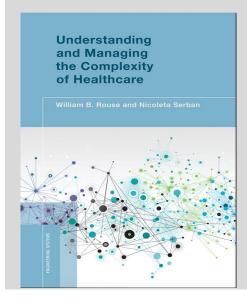
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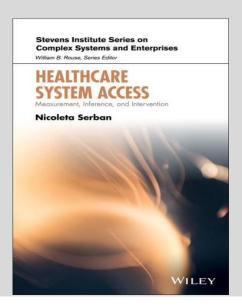


Virginia C. Joseph C. Mello Professor **Industrial and Systems Engineering** Georgia Institute of Technology

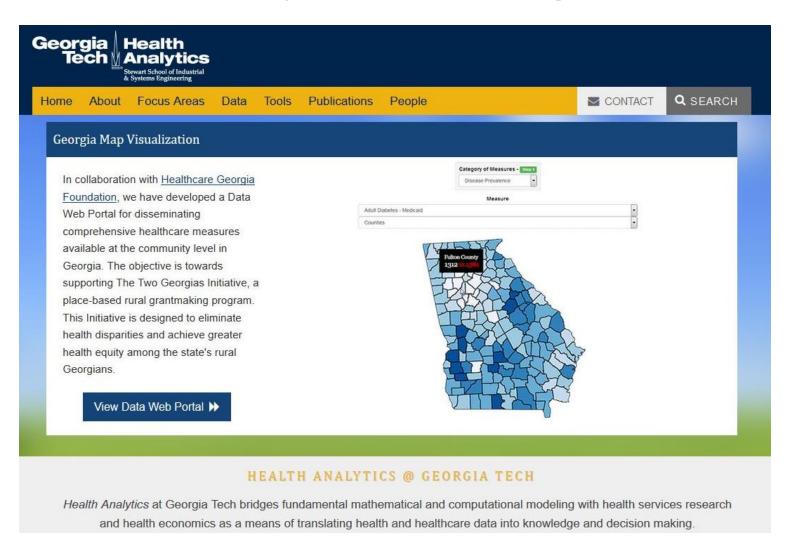
- 65+ journal articles & 100+ presentations/seminars
- Panel Reviewer for NSF, NIH, PCORI
- Participated in Frontiers Symposiums and Workshops, National Academies of the United States
- \$3.2 million in funding as Principal Investigator

My favorite quote, a well-worn slogan "in God we trust—all others bring data."





Health Analytics at Georgia Tech



Web Data Portals

In collaboration with Healthcare Georgia Foundation, we have developed a Data Web Portal for disseminating comprehensive healthcare measures and health determinants available at the community level in Georgia. The objective is towards supporting The Two Georgias Initiative, a place-based rural grantmaking program. Category of Massures Alad Dudnies - Moderate Countries View Data Visualization ▶

Georgia Diabetes Data Portal

In collaboration with the <u>Georgia Center</u> for Diabetes Translation Research and Emory University, we have developed a Data Web Portal for disseminating localized health and healthcare indicators relevant to addressing the needs of the population with diabetes in Georgia.

View Data Visualization ▶



In-treatment Prevalence Data Portal

This data portal disseminates intreatment prevalence of multiple
conditions for Medicaid-enrolled children.
In-Irealment prevalence is defined as the
percentage of children in a community
that are diagnosed and treated for the
condition; it does not include children
who are not diagnosed or/and not
treated. The prevalence was derived
from the 2012 Medicaid Analytical
eXtract (MAX) claims data. The data
portal was developed with the support of
Machu Babu Adiki, MS student in the
Analytics program.

View Data Visualization ▶





Georgia Data Portal: Healthcare Measures and Health Determinants



Georgia Diabetes Data Portal: Healthcare Measures & Health Determinants



Medicaid Disease Prevalence: All States

Data Sources & Data Complexity

Access, Disparities, Medicaid (50 million in the US Medical Claims Data Baseline. with 100 of billions of records) Interventions Queries on specific projects Costs, Outcomes, Electronic Health Record (Children's Healthcare of Atlanta Trends and VA) Associations. Monitoring in NICU and PICU at **Electronic Monitoring** Who and How Children's Healthcare of Atlanta Long Access, Disease Registries **Cystic Fibrosis** Outcomes, Trends Screening "Natural History" Models; Disease Progression Policies, Agent-based simulations Interventions National Surveys or **Predictions** NHANES, BRFSS, HCUP KIDS geographically **Examinations**

General

State Databases

Census, National Provider Index

GA's Oasis, HCUP SEDD and SIDD

Supply and Demand

Small-Area

Variations in Cost

Mental & Behavioral Healthcare System Analysis

Objectives

- 1. Locate the supply of mental health services
- 2. Estimate access to mental health services
 - Identify underserved communities
- 3. Evaluate impact of potential interventions to improve access to care

Available Data Sources

- National Plan and Provider Enumeration System
 - Provider name, specialty, and practice location for every NPI
- Secretary of State Licensure Roster
 - Name and mailing address for every psychiatric nurse, professional counselor, clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, and psychologist license holder
- Medicaid Claims Data
 - Procedure codes, service provider, and modality for every Medicaid claim submitted for reimbursement
 - Demographics, zip code, diagnosis codes and payments for every Medicaid beneficiary
 - Years available for Georgia: 2005-2016

Additional Data Sources

DBHDD

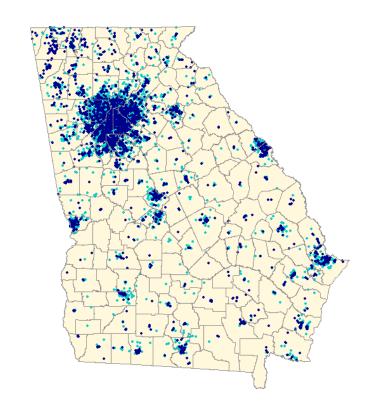
- Number of children treated, and services performed through the APEX program for every participating school and provider organization
- Number of children treated, and services performed by provider or organization

DCH

- Number of Medicaid enrollees seen by providers with mental/behavioral services in the Georgia Families 360 Program
- Services provided to children on Medicaid/CHIP

Service Availability by Provider

- Identify and locate all mental health providers in Georgia
- Identify providers participating in state-funded programs
- Estimate availability in terms psychosocial services at each location (by provider)
- Estimate availability in terms of modalities of care at each location (by provider)



Public/State-funded Healthcare Delivery

Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities (DBHDD)

SSI Medicaid

- Children with mental health challenges
- Children with intellectual or developmental disabilities

Uninsured

 Children not insured in a public insurance program or commercial insurance with MH services

Department of Community
Health
(DCH)

Medicaid

Low-income children

PeachCare for Kids

 Low-income children not eligible for Medicaid

Georgia Families 360

- Children in foster care
- Children receiving adoption assistance
- Children in juvenile justice system

Workforce for Mental Healthcare Delivery

- Include psychiatric nurses, psychiatrists, professional counselors, clinical social workers, marriage and family therapists, and psychologists
- Nurses practice under supervision; others can practice independently depending on license
- Some require certification but not licensure (peer specialists, addiction counselors, etc.)

Individual Providers

Public Organizations

- Include community service boards (CSBs) contracted by DBHDD
- Primarily treat uninsured and publicly-insured.
- Some CSBs also accept commercial insurance

Private Organizations

 May market themselves as a Medicaid providers and may contract with DBHDD to provide community care

Modality for Outpatient Mental Healthcare

In school

 Includes APEX program and older school programs

In home

 Provided more by private organizations than by community service boards

In clinic

 May be inpatient or outpatient

Telehealth

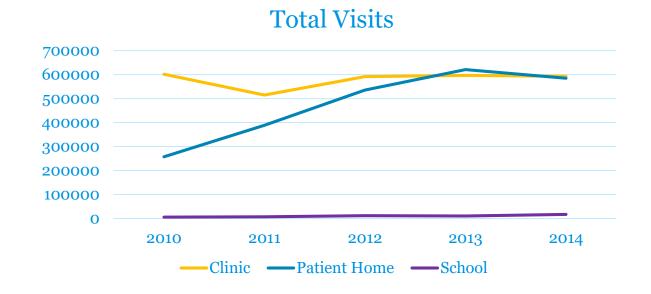
 For some services, may be utilized only when delivering the service to an individual for whom English is not their first language

Challenges in Assessing Availability

- Data on provider-level availability by:
 - Modality of care
 - Taxonomy of care

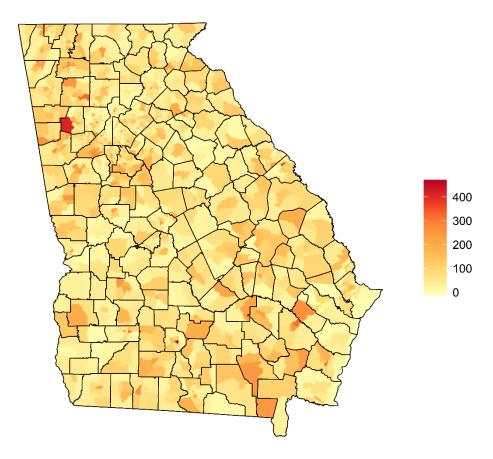
Policies on

- Reimbursement by service and provider type
- Scope of practice and independence practice



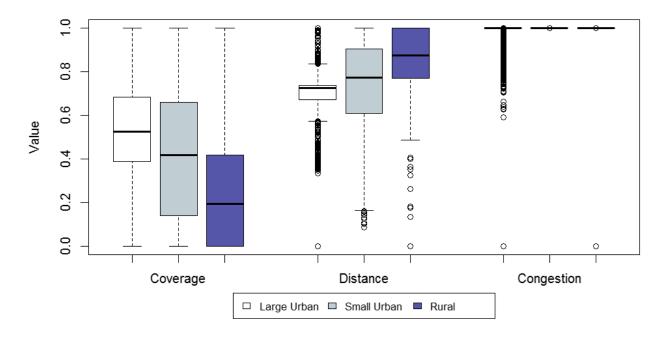
Demand for MH services

- Obtain number of enrollees on state-funded programs using data from Census Bureau, CMS, DCH and DBHDD
- Estimate census tract-level prevalence of treated mental health conditions using Medicaid claims data
- The number of psychosocial visits received by child or adult with different mental health conditions



Access to MH Services

- Use optimization models to match supply with demand and compute census tract-level
 - Met demand (coverage)
 - Provider congestion
 - Patient travel distance



Policy Lab: Assess Interventions

- Policy Change
 - Expand loan forgiveness programs
 - Reduce reimbursement restrictions
 - Reimbursement parity

- Reduce travel distance
 - Remove telehealth restrictions
 - Increase community-based care



Contact

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